This article was downloaded by: On: *25 January 2011* Access details: *Access Details: Free Access* Publisher *Taylor & Francis* Informa Ltd Registered in England and Wales Registered Number: 1072954 Registered office: Mortimer House, 37-41 Mortimer Street, London W1T 3JH, UK



Journal of Sulfur Chemistry

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713926081

Interesting Errors in Sulfur Chemistry, 8

Alexander Senning^a ^a Kemisk Institut, Aarhtts Universitel, Århus C, Denmark

To cite this Article Senning, Alexander(1986) 'Interesting Errors in Sulfur Chemistry, 8', Journal of Sulfur Chemistry, 7: 2, 45

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/17415998609410042 URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/17415998609410042

PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

Full terms and conditions of use: http://www.informaworld.com/terms-and-conditions-of-access.pdf

This article may be used for research, teaching and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, re-distribution, re-selling, loan or sub-licensing, systematic supply or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden.

The publisher does not give any warranty express or implied or make any representation that the contents will be complete or accurate or up to date. The accuracy of any instructions, formulae and drug doses should be independently verified with primary sources. The publisher shall not be liable for any loss, actions, claims, proceedings, demand or costs or damages whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with or arising out of the use of this material.

INTERESTING ERRORS IN SULFUR CHEMISTRY, 8

ALEXANDER SENNING Kemisk Institut, Aarhus Universitet, DK-8000 Århus C, Denmark

(Received June 27, 1986)

TRICHLOROMETHANETHIOL

Trichloromethanesulfenyl chloride 1 is an important synthetic intermediate. In pre-IUPAC days 1 was frequently called *perchloromethyl mercaptan* (i.e. methanethiol in which *all* hydrogen atoms are substituted by chlorine), a name which is still used

CCl₃SCl, [594–42–3] 1 CCl₃SH, [75–70–7] 2

by industrial chemists, especially in the patent literature. Unfortunately, Chemical Abstracts abstractors frequently translate *perchloromethyl mercaptan* to trichloromethanethiol 2 (i.e. methanethiol in which *all nonfunctional* hydrogen atoms are substituted by chlorine) which makes sense as far as semisystematic nomenclature goes, but, of course, ignores the chemistry contained in the abstracted documents and creates a CA chimera.

Thus, Chemical Abstracts through Volume 103 contains altogether 42 references to 2 which, of course, actually pertain to 1. There are no CA references to the inherently unstable 2.